

See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/329909917>

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY SURFACE STUDY OF CATALYSTS BASED ON FERROALLOY PRODUCTION WASTE

Article in *SERIES CHEMISTRY AND TECHNOLOGY* · December 2018

DOI: 10.32014/2018.2518-1491.29

CITATIONS

19

READS

44

7 authors, including:



Руслан Заирович Сафаров

Eurasian National University

69 PUBLICATIONS 55 CITATIONS

SEE PROFILE

Some of the authors of this publication are also working on these related projects:



Окисление циклогексана на полимермодифицированных биомиметических катализаторах [View project](#)



Development of new highly effective chemotherapeutic biopreparations [View project](#)

ISSN 2518-1491 (Online),
ISSN 2224-5286 (Print)

ҚАЗАҚСТАН РЕСПУБЛИКАСЫ
ҰЛТТЫҚ ҒЫЛЫМ АКАДЕМИЯСЫНЫҢ

Д.В.СОКОЛЬСКИЙ АТЫНДАҒЫ «ЖАНАРМАЙ,
КАТАЛИЗ ЖӘНЕ ЭЛЕКТРОХИМИЯ ИНСТИТУТЫ» АҚ

Х А Б А Р Л А Р Ы

ИЗВЕСТИЯ

НАЦИОНАЛЬНОЙ АКАДЕМИИ НАУК
РЕСПУБЛИКИ КАЗАХСТАН

АО «ИНСТИТУТ ТОПЛИВА, КАТАЛИЗА И
ЭЛЕКТРОХИМИИ ИМ. Д.В. СОКОЛЬСКОГО»

NEWS

OF THE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES
OF THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN

JSC «D.V. SOKOLSKY INSTITUTE OF FUEL,
CATALYSIS AND ELECTROCHEMISTRY»

ХИМИЯ ЖӘНЕ ТЕХНОЛОГИЯ СЕРИЯСЫ



СЕРИЯ ХИМИИ И ТЕХНОЛОГИИ



SERIES CHEMISTRY AND TECHNOLOGY

6 (432)

**ҚАРАША – ЖЕЛТОҚСАН 2018 ж.
НОЯБРЬ – ДЕКАБРЬ 2018 г.
NOVEMBER – DECEMBER 2018**

1947 ЖЫЛДЫҢ ҚАҢТАР АЙЫНАН ШЫҒА БАСТАҒАН
ИЗДАЕТСЯ С ЯНВАРЯ 1947 ГОДА
PUBLISHED SINCE JANUARY 1947

ЖЫЛЫНА 6 РЕТ ШЫҒАДЫ
ВЫХОДИТ 6 РАЗ В ГОД
PUBLISHED 6 TIMES A YEAR

NAS RK is pleased to announce that News of NAS RK. Series of chemistry and technologies scientific journal has been accepted for indexing in the Emerging Sources Citation Index, a new edition of Web of Science. Content in this index is under consideration by Clarivate Analytics to be accepted in the Science Citation Index Expanded, the Social Sciences Citation Index, and the Arts & Humanities Citation Index. The quality and depth of content Web of Science offers to researchers, authors, publishers, and institutions sets it apart from other research databases. The inclusion of News of NAS RK. Series of chemistry and technologies in the Emerging Sources Citation Index demonstrates our dedication to providing the most relevant and influential content of chemical sciences to our community.

Қазақстан Республикасы Ұлттық ғылым академиясы "ҚР ҰҒА Хабарлары. Химия және технология сериясы" ғылыми журналының Web of Science-тің жаңаланған нұсқасы Emerging Sources Citation Index-те индекстелуге қабылданғанын хабарлайды. Бұл индекстелу барысында Clarivate Analytics компаниясы журналды одан әрі the Science Citation Index Expanded, the Social Sciences Citation Index және the Arts & Humanities Citation Index-ке қабылдау мәселесін қарастыруда. Web of Science зерттеушілер, авторлар, баспашылар мен мекемелерге контент тереңдігі мен сапасын ұсынады. ҚР ҰҒА Хабарлары. Химия және технология сериясы Emerging Sources Citation Index-ке енуі біздің қоғамдастық үшін ең өзекті және беделді химиялық ғылымдар бойынша контентке адалдығымызды білдіреді.

НАН РК сообщает, что научный журнал «Известия НАН РК. Серия химии и технологий» был принят для индексирования в Emerging Sources Citation Index, обновленной версии Web of Science. Содержание в этом индексировании находится в стадии рассмотрения компанией Clarivate Analytics для дальнейшего принятия журнала в the Science Citation Index Expanded, the Social Sciences Citation Index и the Arts & Humanities Citation Index. Web of Science предлагает качество и глубину контента для исследователей, авторов, издателей и учреждений. Включение Известия НАН РК в Emerging Sources Citation Index демонстрирует нашу приверженность к наиболее актуальному и влиятельному контенту по химическим наукам для нашего сообщества.

Б а с р е д а к т о р ы
х.ғ.д., проф., ҚР ҰҒА академигі **М.Ж. Жұрынов**

Р е д а к ц и я а л қ а с ы:

Ағабеков В.Е. проф., академик (Белорус)
Волков С.В. проф., академик (Украина)
Воротынцев М.А. проф., академик (Ресей)
Газалиев А.М. проф., академик (Қазақстан)
Ергожин Е.Е. проф., академик (Қазақстан)
Жармағамбетова А.К. проф. (Қазақстан), бас ред. орынбасары
Жоробекова Ш.Ж. проф., академик (Қырғыстан)
Иткулова Ш.С. проф. (Қазақстан)
Манташян А.А. проф., академик (Армения)
Пралиев К.Д. проф., академик (Қазақстан)
Баешов А.Б. проф., академик (Қазақстан)
Бүркітбаев М.М. проф., академик (Қазақстан)
Джусипбеков У.Ж. проф. корр.-мүшесі (Қазақстан)
Молдахметов М.З. проф., академик (Қазақстан)
Мансуров З.А. проф. (Қазақстан)
Наурызбаев М.К. проф. (Қазақстан)
Рудик В. проф., академик (Молдова)
Рахимов К.Д. проф. академик (Қазақстан)
Стрельцов Е. проф. (Белорус)
Тәшімов Л.Т. проф., академик (Қазақстан)
Тодераш И. проф., академик (Молдова)
Халиков Д.Х. проф., академик (Тәжікстан)
Фарзалиев В. проф., академик (Әзірбайжан)

«ҚР ҰҒА Хабарлары. Химия және технология сериясы».

ISSN 2518-1491 (Online),

ISSN 2224-5286 (Print)

Меншіктенуші: «Қазақстан Республикасының Ұлттық ғылым академиясы» Республикалық қоғамдық бірлестігі (Алматы қ.)

Қазақстан республикасының Мәдениет пен ақпарат министрлігінің Ақпарат және мұрағат комитетінде 30.04.2010 ж. берілген №1089-Ж мерзімдік басылым тіркеуіне қойылу туралы куәлік

Мерзімділігі: жылына 6 рет.

Тиражы: 300 дана.

Редакцияның мекенжайы: 050010, Алматы қ., Шевченко көш., 28, 219 бөл., 220, тел.: 272-13-19, 272-13-18,
www.nauka-nanrk.kz / chemistry-technology.kz

© Қазақстан Республикасының Ұлттық ғылым академиясы, 2018

Типографияның мекенжайы: «Аруна» ЖК, Алматы қ., Муратбаева көш., 75.

Главный редактор
д.х.н., проф., академик НАН РК **М. Ж. Журинов**

Редакционная коллегия:

Агабеков В.Е. проф., академик (Беларусь)
Волков С.В. проф., академик (Украина)
Воротынцев М.А. проф., академик (Россия)
Газалиев А.М. проф., академик (Казахстан)
Ергожин Е.Е. проф., академик (Казахстан)
Жармагамбетова А.К. проф. (Казахстан), зам. гл. ред.
Жоробекова Ш.Ж. проф., академик (Кыргызстан)
Иткулова Ш.С. проф. (Казахстан)
Манташян А.А. проф., академик (Армения)
Пралиев К.Д. проф., академик (Казахстан)
Баешов А.Б. проф., академик (Казахстан)
Буркитбаев М.М. проф., академик (Казахстан)
Джусипбеков У.Ж. проф. чл.-корр. (Казахстан)
Мулдахметов М.З. проф., академик (Казахстан)
Мансуров З.А. проф. (Казахстан)
Наурызбаев М.К. проф. (Казахстан)
Рудик В. проф., академик (Молдова)
Рахимов К.Д. проф. академик (Казахстан)
Стрельцов Е. проф. (Беларусь)
Ташимов Л.Т. проф., академик (Казахстан)
Тодераш И. проф., академик (Молдова)
Халиков Д.Х. проф., академик (Гаджикистан)
Фарзалиев В. проф., академик (Азербайджан)

«Известия НАН РК. Серия химии и технологии».

ISSN 2518-1491 (Online),

ISSN 2224-5286 (Print)

Собственник: Республиканское общественное объединение «Национальная академия наук Республики Казахстан» (г. Алматы)

Свидетельство о постановке на учет периодического печатного издания в Комитете информации и архивов Министерства культуры и информации Республики Казахстан №10893-Ж, выданное 30.04.2010 г.

Периодичность: 6 раз в год

Тираж: 300 экземпляров

Адрес редакции: 050010, г. Алматы, ул. Шевченко, 28, ком. 219, 220, тел. 272-13-19, 272-13-18,
<http://nauka-nanrk.kz> / chemistry-technology.kz

© Национальная академия наук Республики Казахстан, 2018

Адрес редакции: 050100, г. Алматы, ул. Кунаева, 142,
Институт органического катализа и электрохимии им. Д. В. Сокольского,
каб. 310, тел. 291-62-80, факс 291-57-22, e-mail: orgcat@nursat.kz

Адрес типографии: ИП «Аруна», г. Алматы, ул. Муратбаева, 75

E d i t o r i n c h i e f

doctor of chemistry, professor, academician of NAS RK **M.Zh. Zhurinov**

E d i t o r i a l b o a r d :

Agabekov V.Ye. prof., academician (Belarus)
Volkov S.V. prof., academician (Ukraine)
Vorotyntsev M.A. prof., academician (Russia)
Gazaliyev A.M. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Yergozhin Ye.Ye. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Zharmagambetova A.K. prof. (Kazakhstan), deputy editor in chief
Zhorobekova Sh.Zh. prof., academician (Kyrgyzstan)
Itkulova Sh.S. prof. (Kazakhstan)
Mantashyan A.A. prof., academician (Armenia)
Praliyev K.D. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Bayeshov A.B. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Burkitbayev M.M. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Dzhusipbekov U.Zh. prof., corr. member (Kazakhstan)
Muldakhmetov M.Z. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Mansurov Z.A. prof. (Kazakhstan)
Nauryzbayev M.K. prof. (Kazakhstan)
Rudik V. prof., academician (Moldova)
Rakhimov K.D. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Streltsov Ye. prof. (Belarus)
Tashimov L.T. prof., academician (Kazakhstan)
Toderash I. prof., academician (Moldova)
Khalikov D.Kh. prof., academician (Tadjikistan)
Farzaliyev V. prof., academician (Azerbaijan)

News of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Series of chemistry and technology.
ISSN 2518-1491 (Online),
ISSN 2224-5286 (Print)

Owner: RPA "National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan" (Almaty)

The certificate of registration of a periodic printed publication in the Committee of Information and Archives of the Ministry of Culture and Information of the Republic of Kazakhstan N 10893-Ж, issued 30.04.2010

Periodicity: 6 times a year

Circulation: 300 copies

Editorial address: 28, Shevchenko str., of. 219, 220, Almaty, 050010, tel. 272-13-19, 272-13-18,
<http://nauka-nanrk.kz/chemistry-technology.kz>

© National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan, 2018

Editorial address: Institute of Organic Catalysis and Electrochemistry named after D. V. Sokolsky
142, Kunayev str., of. 310, Almaty, 050100, tel. 291-62-80, fax 291-57-22,
e-mail: orgcat@nursat.kz

Address of printing house: ST "Aruna", 75, Muratbayev str, Almaty

NEWS

OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN

SERIES CHEMISTRY AND TECHNOLOGY

ISSN 2224-5286

<https://doi.org/10.32014/2018.2518-1491.29>

Volume 6, Number 432 (2018), 79 – 86

UDC 577.4:550.41:66.097:661(004.8)

Zh.K. Shomanova¹, R.Z. Safarov², A.S. Zhumakanova³,
Yu.G. Nosenko⁴, A.T. Zhanibekova¹, N.L. Shapekova², D. Lorant⁵

¹Pavlodar State Pedagogical Institute, Pavlodar, Kazakhstan

²L.N. Gumilyov Eurasian National University, Astana, Kazakhstan

³D.V.Sokolsky Institute of Fuel, Catalysis and Electrochemistry, Almaty, Kazakhstan

⁴Innovative University of Eurasia, Pavlodar, Kazakhstan

⁵Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest-Szombathely, Hungary

e-mail: ruslanbox@yandex.ru

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY SURFACE STUDY OF CATALYSTS BASED ON FERROALLOY PRODUCTION WASTE

Abstract: In the paper results of electron microscopy study of catalysts based on ferroalloy production waste from ash-slime storage of Aksu ferroalloy plant (Aksu, Kazakhstan). The surface morphology of catalyst granules as well pattern of surface distribution of crystallites of catalytically active metals (Fe, Cr and Mn) were described. It was shown, that during the process of catalyst obtaining, uniform porous surfaces without visible large agglomerates of metal crystallites were obtained. Distribution of metallic components was equable, particles were fine disperse, sizes of the crystallites were of one order.

Keywords: catalyst, waste, ferroalloy production, electron microscopy, surface.

Introduction

In result of activity of a ferroalloy plant various types of waste form. The main of them are slime and dust from gas cleaning equipment [1–3]. The waste is accumulated in slime storages. Usually the waste are dumped under the layer of water in artificial ponds. These materials are very disperse and unusable for remelting of ferroalloy, that is, they unusable for direct use in metallurgy [4]. However, earlier, it was shown that their elemental and phase content as well as surface structure make it possible to use them as catalysts for various chemical processes, in particular, in the processes of oil chemistry and oil refining [5].

Earlier we studied waste dumped in ash-slime storage of Aksu ferroalloy plant (Aksu, Kazakhstan) [6–8]. We investigated elemental content, phase content, structure of the surface with ammonia thermoprogrammed desorption and electron microscopy. A series of granulated catalyst was prepared based on obtained waste. In the paper, we are presenting electron micrographs of obtained catalyst samples. The aim of the study is to reveal morphological peculiar surface properties of catalyst samples prepared from samples of waste picked up from different locations of the ash-slime storage.

Methods

Catalyst preparation

For catalyst preparation ferroalloy production waste samples were picked up from the territory of ash-slime storage of Aksu ferroalloy plant according to GOST «17.4.3.01-83 Soils. General Sampling Requirements». Totally 80 samples from 16 locations were taken. From every location we took 5 samples using the method of «envelope» and well mixed them for obtaining of joint sample. So, we have obtained

16 joint samples. Each sample was assigned a serial number. Catalysts were named using serial number of joint sample used for preparing of it. In the research we used according names of catalysts Kt-1, Kt-2 ... Kt-16. For preparing of catalysts obtained ash-slime mass was washed by distilled water in order to separate small organic particles. Then the washed mass was dried on airtight petridishes to obtain a pasty mass. Laboratory extruder molded mass to obtain cylindrical granules with diameter of 3-4 mm and length 10-15 mm. After that granules were dried at 100-150 °C for 5 hours at the rate of temperature rise 25-30 °C per hour, then it was calcinated at 200 °C for 1 hour, 300 °C - 1 hour, 400 °C - 1 hour, 500 °C - 5 hours.

Electron microscopy

For studying of structure and surface of researched materials scanning electron microscope with thermionic cathode (LaB6) JSM-6610LV ("JOEL", Japan) was used. The device was kitted with the system of energy dispersive microanalysis, wave dispersion microanalysis system, backscattered electron diffraction analysis system using a reflected electron detector, Everhart-Thornley Secondary Electron Detector, secondary electron detector for low vacuum mode and equipment for sample preparation. The research was carried out at x1000 and x3000 magnifications.

Results and discussion

The broadness of the application of the method of electron microscopy is associated with its high informativity and versatility, as well as the simplicity and convenience of equipment managing [9]. Scanning electron microscopy has several advantages over other methods. For example, compared with traditional light microscopy, it is characterized by a significantly higher resolution and depth of sharpness; relative ease of interpretation of the images due to their three-dimensional representation; the ability to connect additional devices for analysis in the micro-range with sufficient ease of adaptation and control of these devices [10]. It is also necessary to note the relatively low requirements for sample preparation. Compared with scanning probe microscopy scanning electron microscopy allows you to explore significantly large areas of the surface; work with highly relief surfaces; use a much wider range of magnifications; obtain information not only about the surface, but also about the adjacent to the surface "subsurface" layers [11, 12].

We have obtained micrographs of cross sections and side surfaces of granules of catalysts Ct-2, Ct-3, Ct-4, Ct-5, Ct-15 at magnifications $\times 1000$ and $\times 3000$ (Fig. 1-20).

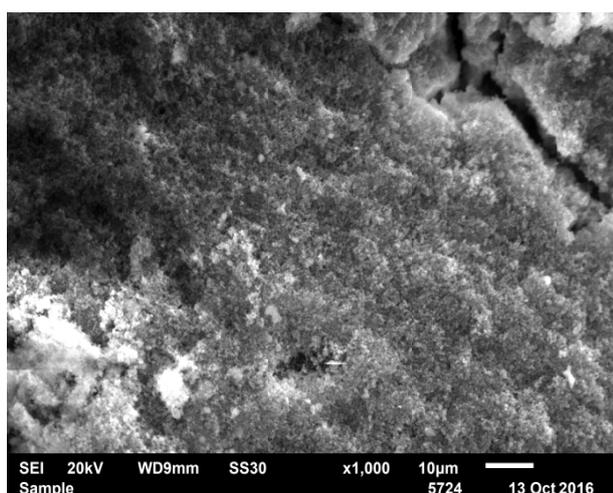


Figure 1 – Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-2 granule ($\times 1000$)

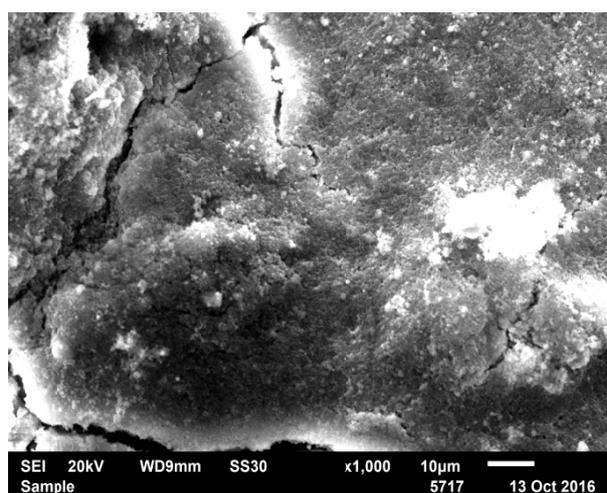


Figure 2 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-2 granule ($\times 1000$)

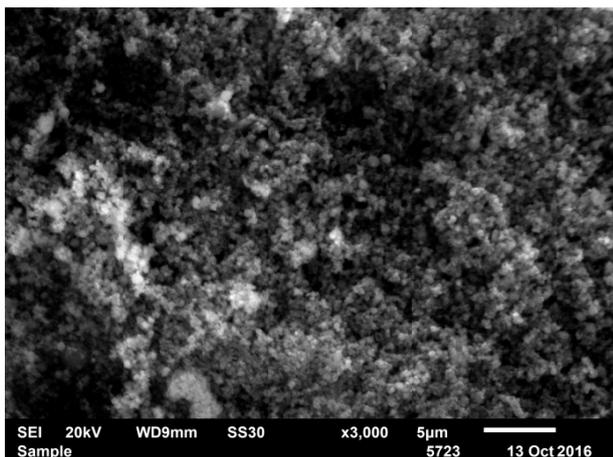


Figure3 –Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-2 granule(×3000)

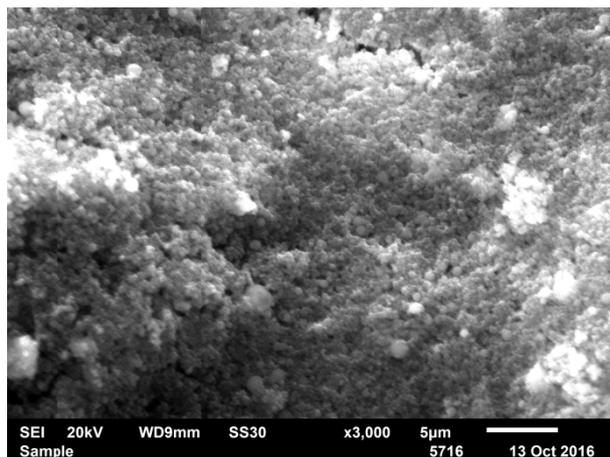


Figure4 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-2 granule(×3000)

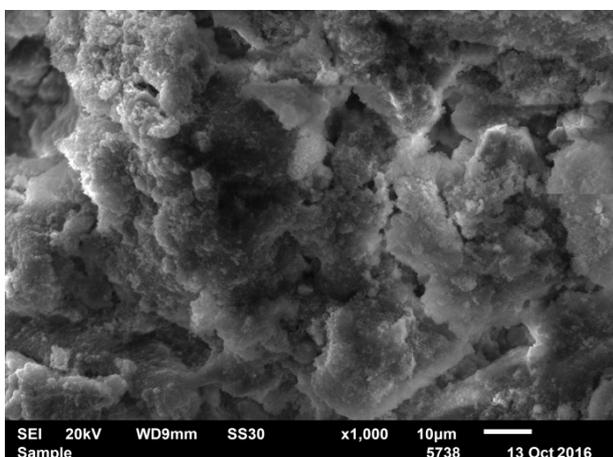


Figure5 –Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-3 granule(×1000)

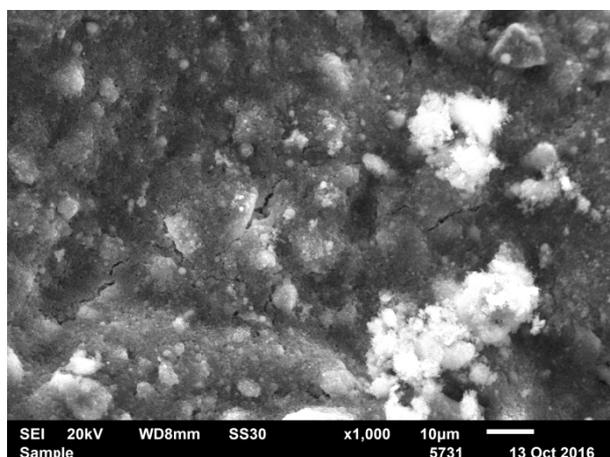


Figure6 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-3 granule(×1000)

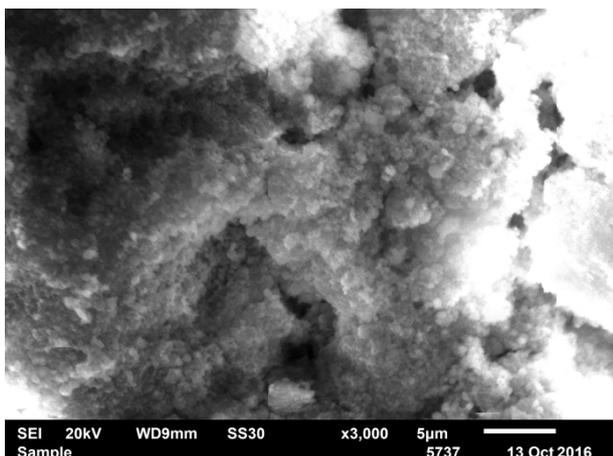


Figure7 –Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-3 granule(×3000)

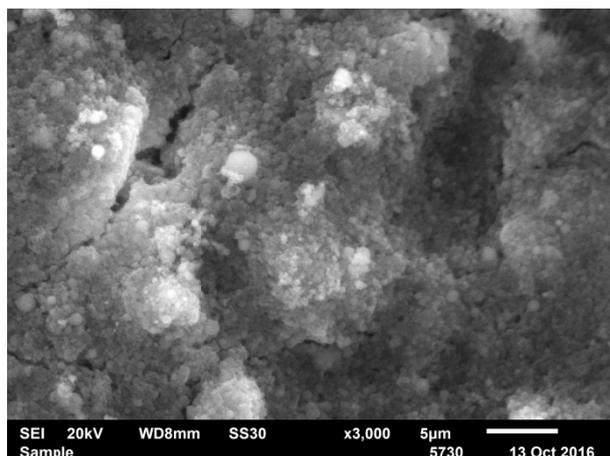


Figure8 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-3 granule(×3000)

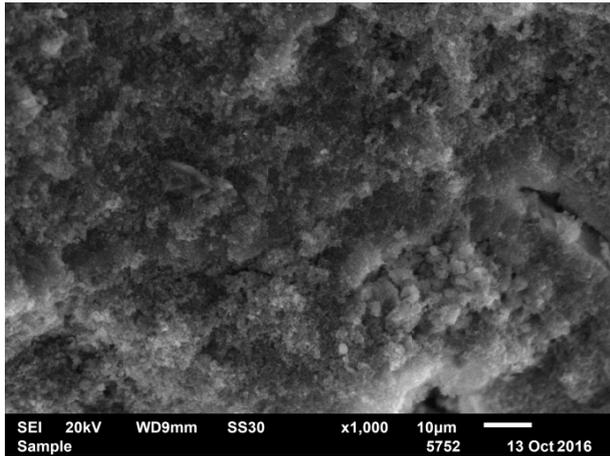


Figure9 - Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-4 granule (×1000)

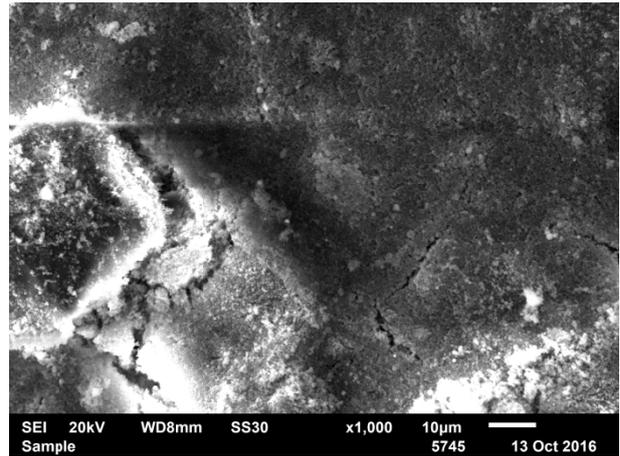


Figure10 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-4 granule (×1000)

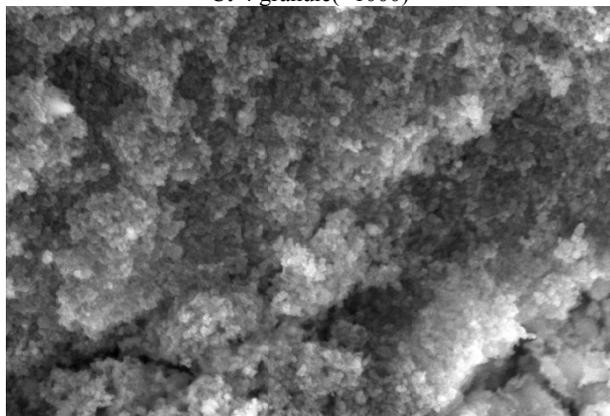


Figure11 - Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-4 granule (×3000)

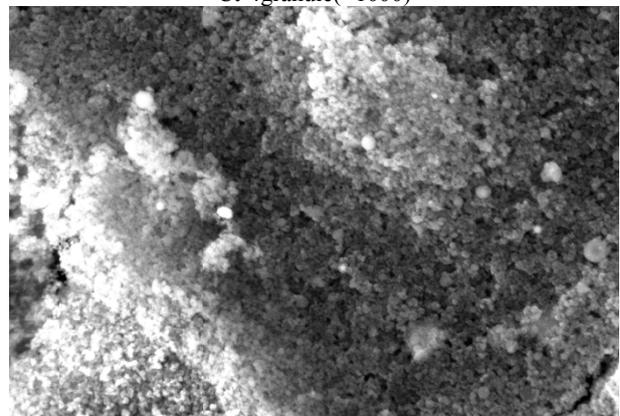


Figure12 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-4 granule (×3000)

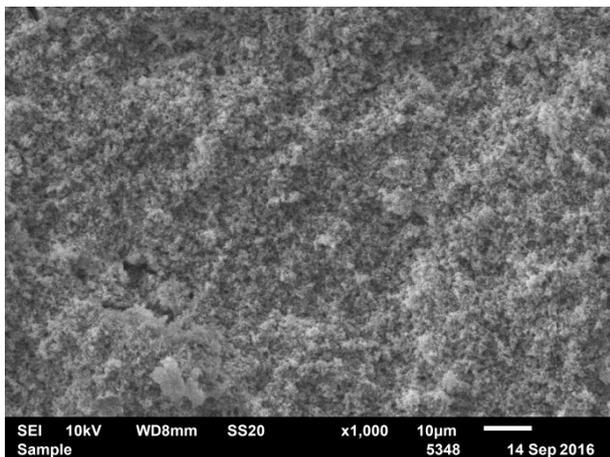


Figure13 - Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-5 granule (×1000)

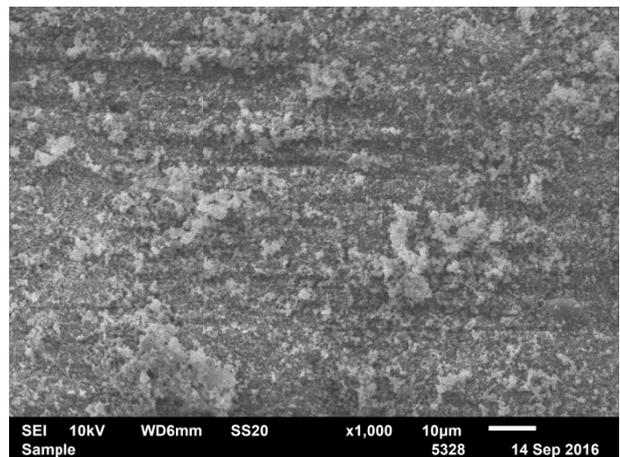


Figure14 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-5 granule (×1000)

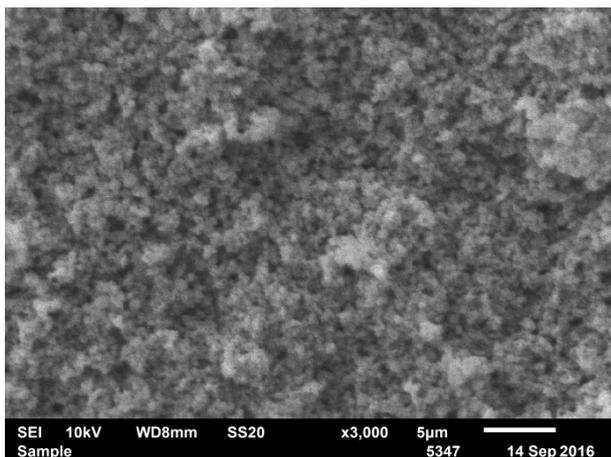


Figure15 –Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-5 granule($\times 3000$)

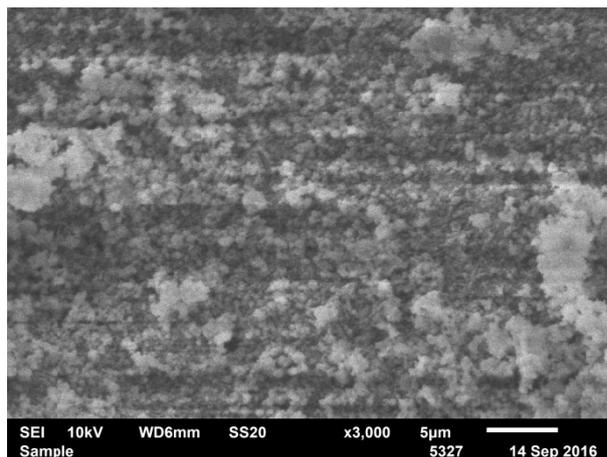


Figure16 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-5 granule($\times 3000$)

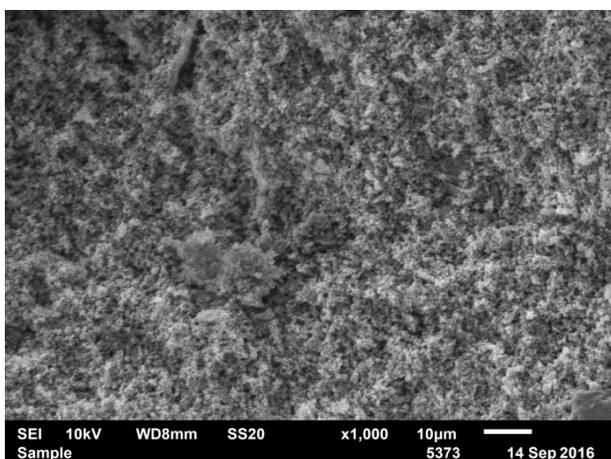


Figure17 –Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-15 granule($\times 1000$)

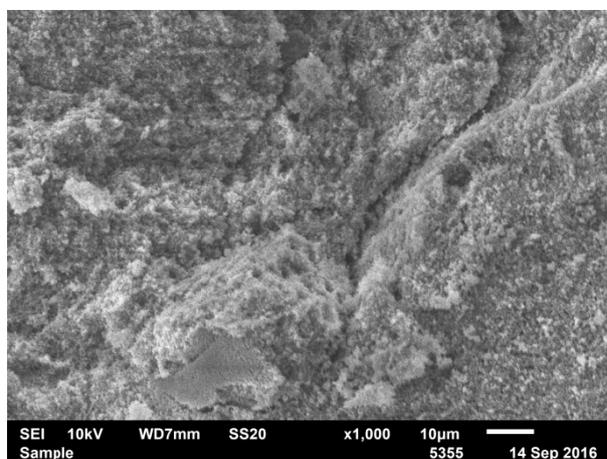


Figure18 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-15 granule($\times 1000$)

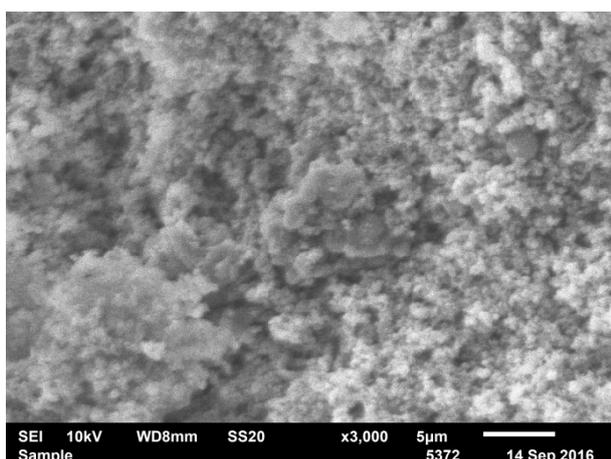


Figure19 –Micrograph of cross section of catalyst Ct-15 granule($\times 3000$)

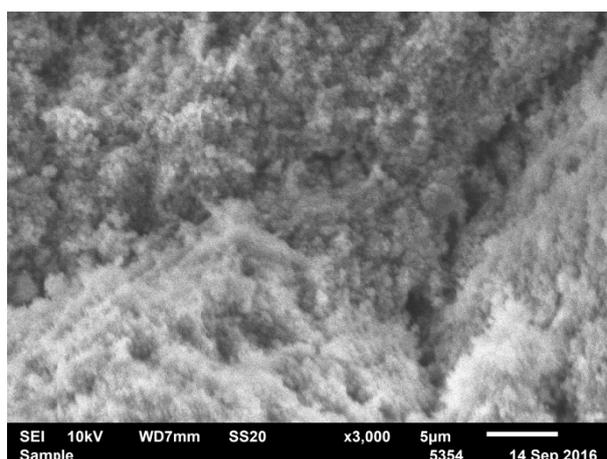


Figure20 –Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-15 granule($\times 3000$)

Analysis of electronic micrographs allows us to establish that at magnification for 1000 times the lateral surfaces of the granules is more uniform than the cross-section surfaces. That is obvious due to the fact that formation of granules was performed with laboratory extruder, which forms more or less smooth surface of granules. The same time at magnification for 3000 times the difference in cross section surface and side surface morphology practically unnoticeable. The surface is finely porous, represented by fine

granular particles. Porous surface can be formed during the process of high temperature treatment as a result of elimination of volatile components.

In figures 21-23 micrographs of side surfaces of catalyst Ct-15 granules in the mode of frequencies filtration are represented. That allows to reveal distribution of crystallites of metallic components on surface. On presented micrographs it is visible, that metal components distribution is uniform, particles are finely dispersed, sizes of crystallites are of one order.

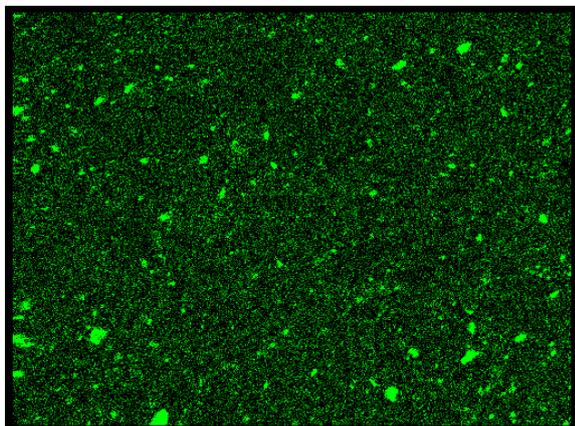


Figure 21 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-15 granule with representation of Cr crystallites distribution

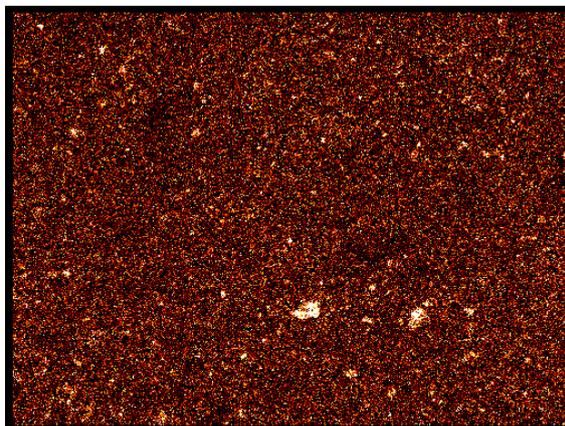


Figure 22 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-15 granule with representation of Mn crystallites distribution

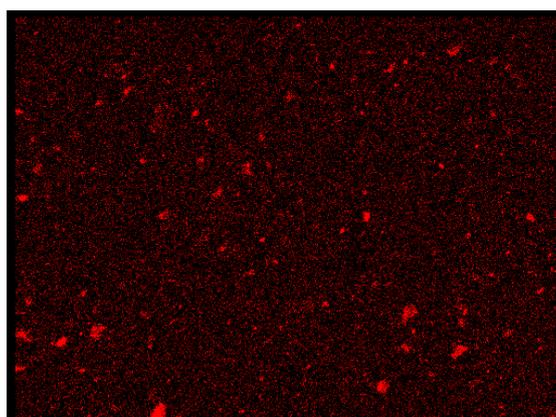


Figure 23 - Micrograph of side surface of catalyst Ct-15 granule with representation of Fe crystallites distribution

Conclusion

Thus, as a result of catalyst preparation, uniform, porous surface without visible large agglomerates of metal (or of metal compounds) crystallites was obtained. Taking into account characteristic content of ferroalloy production waste with increased concentration of catalytically active elements – Fe, Cr, Mn, specific for heterogeneous catalysts surface morphology [13,14], trend of distribution and degree of dispersity of metal crystallites on catalyst surface [15], it can be concluded that obtained materials can be used as heterogeneous nanosized catalysts for various processes of hydrocarbon-containing raw materials refining.

Important conclusion of electron microanalysis is the fact that morphology of surfaces of catalysts Ct-2, Ct-3, Ct-4, Ct-5, Ct-15 is practically the same. This fact allows indirectly confirm possibility of using of ash-slime storage as secondary source for mining of raw material for obtaining of catalyst. The same surface morphology of waste taken from different locations of ash-slime storage is the consequence of the fact that the waste was accumulated during many years of performing of regular processes of ferroalloys melting with strict adherence to regulations. In the other words, conditions of these wastes are constant and are controlled during the melting process. The spread of waste over the area of the ash-

slimestorage lake occurs as a result of hydrodynamic processes of mass transfer, diffusion. Waste material does not mix with ground, the presence of flora on the perimeter of the lake storage is minimal.

Based on the data obtained, it can be concluded that the catalysts obtained are promising materials and can be used in various processes of processing of hydrocarbon-containing raw materials, in particular, in the processes of cracking, hydrogenation, oxidation.

REFERENCES

- [1] Acharya P.K., Patro S.K. (2016) Use of ferrochrome ash (FCA) and lime dust in concrete preparation, *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 131:237–246. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2016.05.042> (in Eng)
- [2] Ordiales M. et al. (2016) Cold Agglomeration of Ultrafine Oxidized Dust (UOD) from Ferromanganese and Silicomanganese Industrial Process, *Metals (Basel)*, 6(9):203. <https://doi.org/10.3390/met6090203> (in Eng)
- [3] Zhdanov A. V. et al. (2015) Problems with Waste Generation and Recycling in the Ferroalloys Industry, *Metallurgist*, 581(11–12):1064–1070. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11015-015-0041-5> (in Eng)
- [4] Ferreira W.L., Reis É.L., Lima R.M.F. (2015) Incorporation of residues from the minero-metallurgical industry in the production of clay–lime brick, *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 87:505–510. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2014.09.013> (in Eng)
- [5] Shomanova Z.K. et al. (2017) Study of composition of waste from metallurgy production aimed in use them as active phases of catalysts for hydrocarbon raw materials refining, *News of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Series of geology and technologysciences*, 6(426):195–200. <https://doi.org/10.32014/2018.2518-170X> (in Eng)
- [6] Shomanova Z.K. et al. (2016) Structure and Activity Research of Hydrocarbons Refining Catalysts Based on Wastes of Ferroalloy Production, *International Journal of Chemical, Molecular, Nuclear, Materials and Metallurgical Engineering*, 10(10):1148–1152 (in Eng)
- [7] Shomanova Z.K. et al. (2015) Investigation of adsorption properties of waste from gas cleaning system of ferroalloy production using the BET method [Issledovanie adsorbicionnyh svoystv othodov sistemy gazoочистki ferrosplavnogo proizvodstva metodom BET], *News of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Series of chemistry and technology*, 414(6):17–21. <https://doi.org/10.32014/2018.2518-1491> (in Russian)
- [8] Shomanova Z.K. et al. (2017) Study of Composite Catalysts Containing Sludge of Ferroalloy Production in the Process of Cyclohexane Oxidation, *News of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Series of chemistry and technology*, 426(6):55–61. <https://doi.org/10.32014/2018.2518-1491> (in Eng)
- [9] Cossio R. et al. (2018) Innovative unattended SEM-EDS analysis for asbestos fiber quantification, *Talanta* 190:158–166. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2018.07.083> (in Eng)
- [10] Seki T., Ikuhara Y., Shibata N. (2018) Theoretical framework of statistical noise in scanning transmission electron microscopy, *Ultramicroscopy*, 193:118–125. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ultramic.2018.06.014> (in Eng)
- [11] Jasnikov I.S. et al. (2013) Scanning electron microscopy as a method of research of microscopic objects of electrolytic origin [Skanirovushhaja jelektronnamikroskopija kak metod izucheniya mikroskopicheskikh objektov jelektroliticheskogo proishozhdenija], *Fundamental researches [Fundamental'nye issledovaniya]*, 1:758–764 (in Russian)
- [12] Song Z., Xie Z.-H. (2018) A literature review of in situ transmission electron microscopy technique in corrosion studies, *Micron*, 112:69–83. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.micron.2018.04.011> (in Eng)
- [13] Pompe C.E. et al. (2018) Impact of heterogeneities in silica-supported copper catalysts on their stability for methanol synthesis, *Journal of Catalysis*, 365:1–9. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcat.2018.06.014> (in Eng)
- [14] Zhu Y., Xu M., Zhou W. (2018) High-resolution electron microscopy for heterogeneous catalysis research, *Chinese Physics B*, 27(5):056804. <https://doi.org/10.1088/1674-1056/27/5/056804> (in Eng)
- [15] Campelo J.M. et al. (2009) Sustainable Preparation of Supported Metal Nanoparticles and Their Applications in Catalysis, *ChemSusChem*, 2(1): 18–45. <https://doi.org/10.1002/cssc.200800227> (in Eng)

УДК 577.4:550.41:66.097:661(004.8)

**Ж.К. Шоманова¹, Р.З. Сафаров², А.С. Жумаканова³,
Ю.Г. Носенко⁴, А.Т. Жанибекова¹, Н.Л. Шапекова², Д. Лорант⁵**

¹Павлодар мемлекеттік педагогикалық университеті, Павлодар, Қазақстан;

²Л.Н. Гумилев атындағы Еуразиялық ұлттық университеті, Астана, Қазақстан;

³Д.В. Сокольский атындағы жанармай, катализ және электрохимия институты, Алматы, Қазақстан;

⁴Инновациялық еуразия университеті, Павлодар, Қазақстан;

⁵Eötvös Loránd University, Будапешт - Сомбатхей, Венгрия

ФЕРРО ҚОРЫТПАНЫ ӨНДЕУ ҚАЛДЫҚТАРЫ НЕГІЗІНДЕ АЛЫНҒАН КАТАЛИЗАТОРЛАР БЕТІН ЭЛЕКТРОНДЫҚ МИКРОСКОПИЯ ӘДІСІМЕН ЗЕРТТЕУ

Аннотация. Мақалада Ақсу ферроқорытпа зауытының күлшлам қалдықтарынан ферроқорытпа өндірісі қалдықтары негізінде алынған катализаторлардың электронды - микроскопиялық зерттеулерінің нәтижелері келтірілген. Катализатор түйіршіктер бетінің морфологиясы мен каталитикалық белсенді Fe, Сг және Mn

металдар кристаллиттерінің беткі таралуы сипатталған. Катализаторды дайындау барысында металл кристаллиттерінің ірі агломераттарының көрінбейтін біркелкі, кеуекті беті алынғаны, металл компоненттері құрамдас бөліктерінің біркелкі болуы, кристаллиттердің өлшемі бірдей екендігі, бөлшектердің ұсақ дисперстілігі көрсетілді.

Түйін сөздер: катализаторлар, қалдықтар, феррокорытпаны өңдеу, электронды микроскопия, бет.

УДК 577.4:550.41:66.097:661(004.8)

**Ж.К. Шоманова¹, Р.З. Сафаров², А.С. Жумаканова³,
Ю.Г. Носенко⁴, А.Т. Жанибекова¹, Н.Л. Шапекова², Д. Лорант⁵**

¹Павлодарский государственный педагогический университет, Павлодар, Казахстан;

²Евразийский национальный университет им. Л.Н. Гумилева, Астана, Казахстан;

³Институт теплообмена, катализа и электрохимии им. Д.В. Сокольского, Алматы, Казахстан;

⁴Инновационный евразийский университет, Павлодар, Казахстан;

⁵EötvösLorándUniversity, Будапешт - Сомбатхей, Венгрия

ИССЛЕДОВАНИЕ МЕТОДОМ ЭЛЕКТРОННОЙ МИКРОСКОПИИ ПОВЕРХНОСТИ КАТАЛИЗАТОРОВ, ПОЛУЧЕННЫХ НА ОСНОВЕ ОТХОДОВ ФЕРРОСПЛАВНОГО ПРОИЗВОДСТВА

Аннотация. В статье приведены результаты исследования методом электронной микроскопии катализаторов, полученных на основе отходов ферросплавного производства с золошламонакопителя Аксуского ферросплавного завода. Описана морфология поверхности гранул катализатора, а также характер поверхностного распределения кристаллитов каталитически активных металлов Fe, Cr и Mn. Показано, что в ходе приготовления катализатора, получена равномерная, пористая поверхность без видимых крупных агломератов кристаллитов металлов, распределение металлических компонентов является равномерным, частицы мелкодисперсные, размеры кристаллитов одного порядка.

Ключевые слова: катализаторы, отходы, производство ферросплавов, электронная микроскопия, поверхность.

Information about authors:

Zhanat Kairollinovna Shomanova – doctor of technical sciences, professor of the Geography and chemistry department, Pavlodar state pedagogical institute, zshoman@yandex.ru, <https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8346-9688>

Ruslan Zairovich Safarov – candidate of chemical sciences, the Acting Associate Professor of the Department of Chemistry, vice-dean in science at Natural Sciences Faculty, L.N. Gumilyov Eurasian national university, ruslanbox@yandex.ru, <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2158-6330>

Ardak Sydykovna Zhumakanova – candidate of chemical sciences, scientist secretary, D.V. Sokolsky Institute of Fuel, Catalysis and Electrochemistry, a.jumakanova@ifce.kz, <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4983-4199>

Yuri Gennadievich Nosenko – Candidate of Chemical Sciences, acting Associate Professor of the Department of Chemical and Biological Technologies, Innovative University of Eurasia, nosenko1980@yandex.ru, <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2491-7337>

Aisulu Talgatovna Zhanibekova – bachelor of environmental science, zshoman@yandex.ru, <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5739-6267>

Nelya Lukpanovna Shapekova – doctor of medical sciences, professor of the Department of Biotechnology and microbiology, Dean of Natural Sciences Faculty, L.N. Gumilyov Eurasian national university, shapekova_nl@enu.kz, <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2534-7951>

Dr. habil. habil. habil. Dávid Lóránt Dénes – full-professor, Jean Monnet Professor, PhD, EötvösLorándUniversity, davidlo@ektf.hu, <https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7880-9860>

МАЗМҰНЫ

<i>Тунгатарова С.А., Ксандопуло Г., Кауменова Г.Н., Жумабек М., Байжуманова Т.С., Григорьева В.П., Комашко Л.В., Бегимова Г.У.</i> Метанды синтез газға каталитикалық риформингілеуде жану әдісімен композитті материалдарды жасау...6	
<i>Johann Dieck, Tатаева Р., Байманова А., Бакешова Ж., Капсалямов Б.</i> Ақаба суларды биологиялық өңдеу: теориялық негіздері және эксперименттік зерттеулер.....	16
<i>Орымбетова Г.Э., Conficoni D., Касымова М.К., Кобжасарова З.И., Орымбетов Э.М., Шамбулова Г.Д.</i> Сүт және сүт өнімдерінде қорғасын тәуекелін бағалау.....	23
<i>Талғатов Э.Т., Әуезханова А.С., Тумабаев Н.Ж., Ахметова С.Н., Сейтқалиева Қ.С., Бегмат Е.Ә., Жармағамбетова Ә.Қ.</i> Фенилацетиленді гидрлеуге арналған магнитті тасымалдағышқа отырғызылған полимер-палладий катализаторлары	29
<i>Ермағамбет Б.Т., Ремнев Г.Е., Мартемьянов С.М., Бухаркин А.А., Касенова Ж.М., Нурғалиев Н.У.</i> Майқұбы және Экібастұз көмір бассейндерінің диэлектрикалық қасиеттері.....	38
<i>Бейсенбаев А.Р., Жабаева А.Н., Сунцова Л.П., Душкин А.В., Адекенов С.М.</i> Оксима пиностробинның супрамолекулярлық кешенін синтездеу мен зерттеу.....	46
<i>Jadhav A. S., Mohanraj G. T., Mayadevi S., Gokarn A. N.</i> Йодты адсорбцияның саны бойынша катеху атты жаңғақтың қабығынан алынатын нано-беттік белсендірілген көмірдің көлемін анықтаудың жылдам әдісі.....	53
<i>Нүркенов О.А., Фазылов С.Д., Исаева А.Ж., Сейлханов Т.М., Животова Т.С., Шұлғау З.Т., Қожина Ж.М.</i> Функционалдық-орынбасылған изоникотин қышқылының гидразондары мен циклодекстриндердің комплекстік кешендері жән.....	57
<i>Ермағамбет Б.Т., Нурғалиев Н.У., Абылғазина Л.Д., Маслов Н.А., Касенова Ж.М., Касенов Б.К.</i> Көмір шлак қалдықтарының өнімдерінен бағалы компоненттер алудың әдістері.....	67
<i>Шоманова Ж.К., Сафаров Р.З., Жумаканова А.С., Носенко Ю.Г., Жанибекова А.Т., Шапекова Н.Л., Лорант Д.</i> Феррокорытпаны өңдеу қалдықтары негізінде алынған катализаторлар бетін электрондық микроскопия әдісімен зерттеу.....	79
<i>Баешов А., Гаишов Т.Э., Баешова А.К., Колесников А.В.</i> Мыс (II) иондарын үш валентті титан иондарымен цементациялау арқылы нано – және ультрадисперсті мыс ұнтақтарын алу.....	87
<i>Баешов А.Б., Мырзабеков Б.Э., Колесников А.В.</i> Құрамында титан (IV) иондары бар күкірт қышқылы ерітіндісінде мыс анодын қолдану кезінде электролит көлемінде дисперсті мыс ұнтақтарының түзілу заңдылықтары.....	96
<i>Чиркун Д. И., Левданский А.Э., Голубев В.Г., Сарсенбекулы Д., Кумисбеков С.А.</i> Өнеркәсіптік барабанды диірмендер жұмысын сарапталау және оларды жетілдіру жолдары.....	102
<i>Бродский А.Р., Григорьева В.П., Комашко Л.В., Нурмаканов Е.Е., Чанышева И.С., Шаповалов А.А., Шлыгина И.А., Яскевич В.И.</i> Молекула зонды бар Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ катализдік жүйенің өзара әрекеттестігі I. γ -Al ₂ O ₃ және Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ бастапқы жүйенің зерттелуі.....	109
<i>Бродский А.Р., Григорьева В.П., Комашко Л.В., Нурмаканов Е.Е., Чанышева И.С., Шаповалов А.А., Шлыгина И.А., Яскевич В.И.</i> Взаимодействие каталитической системы Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ с молекулами-зондами II. Исследование носителя γ -Al ₂ O ₃ и системы Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ после взаимодействия с водородом и аммиаком.....	120
<i>Доспаев М. М., Баешов А., Жумаканова А.С., Доспаев Д.М., Сыздықова Б.Б., Какенов К.С., Есенбаева Г.А.</i> Калий метасиликаты ертіндісінде мыс анодын поляризациялау кезіндегі нанодисперсті мыс силикаты ұнтағының түзілу механизм.....	130
<i>Надиоров К.С., Черкаев Г.В., Чихонадских Е.А., Маккаевева Н.А., Садырбаева А.С., Орымбетова Г.Э.</i> Екі отынды ііж кемелердің пайдаланылған газдарымен зиянды заттардың шығарылуының қоршаған ортаға және тұрғындар денсаулығына әсерін талдау	138
<i>Хусаин Б.Х., Винникова К.К., Сасс А.С., Рахметова К.С., Кензин Н.Р.</i> Бейтараптандыру процестегі пайдаланылған газдар шығудың аэродинамикалық модельдеу.....	150
<i>Утегенова Л.А., Нурлыбекова А.К., Хажиакбер Аиса, Жеңіс Ж.</i> Ақшыл сепкіл гүлөсімдігінің майда еритін құрамын зерттеу.....	156

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

Тунгатарова С.А., Ксандопуло Г., Кауменова Г.Н., Жумабек М., Байжуманова Т.С., Григорьева В.П., Комашко Л.В., Бегимова Г.У. Разработка композитных материалов методом горения для каталитического риформинга метана в синтез-газ.....	6
Johann Duesck, Tатаева Р., Байманова А., Бакешова Ж., Капсалямов Б. Биологическая обработка сточных вод: теоретическая основа и экспериментальные исследования.....	16
Орымбетова Г.Э., Conficoni D., Касымова М.К., Кобжасарова З.И., Орымбетов Э.М., Шамбулова Г.Д. Оценка риска свинца в молоке и молочной продукции	23
Талгатов Э.Т., Ауезханова А.С., Тумабаев Н.Ж., Ахметова С.Н., Сейткалиева К.С., Бегмат Е.А., Жармагамбетова А.К. Полимер-палладиевые катализаторы на магнитном носителе для гидрирования фенилацетилена.....	29
Ермагамбет Б.Т., Ремнев Г.Е., Мартемьянов С.М., Бухаркин А.А., Касенова Ж.М., Нурғалиев Н.У. Диэлектрические свойства углей Майкубенского и Экибастузского бассейнов.....	38
Бейсенбаев А.Р., Жабаяева А.Н., Сунцова Л.П., Душкин А.В., Адекенов С.М. Синтез и изучение супрамолекулярного комплекса оксима пиностробина.....	46
Jadhav A. S., Mohanraj G. T., Mayadevi S., Gokarn A. N. Быстрый метод определения площади нано-поверхности активированного угля полученного из оболочки ореха катеху по числу адсорбции йода.....	53
Нуркенов О.А., Фазылов С.Д., Исаева А.Ж., Сейлханов Т.М., Животова Т.С., Шульгау З.Т., Кожина Ж.М. Комплексы включения функционально-замещенных гидразонов изоникотиновой кислоты с циклодекстринами и их антирадикальная активность.....	57
Ермагамбет Б.Т., Нурғалиев Н.У., Абылгазина Л.Д., Маслов Н.А., Касенова Ж.М., Касенов Б.К. Методы извлечения ценных компонентов из золошлаковых отходов углей.....	67
Шоманова Ж.К., Сафаров Р.З., Жумаканова А.С., Носенко Ю.Г., Жанибекова А.Т., Шапекова Н.Л., Лорант Д. Исследование методом электронной микроскопии поверхности катализаторов, полученных на основе отходов ферросплавного производства.....	79
Баешов А., Гаитов Т.Э., Баешова А.К., Колесников А.В. Получение нано- и ультрадисперсных порошков меди цементацией ионов меди (II) ионами трехвалентного титана	87
Баешов А.Б., Мырзабеков Б.Е., Колесников А.В. Закономерности образования дисперсных медных порошков в объеме электролита при использовании медного анода в растворе серной кислоты, содержащей ионы титана (IV)	96
Чиркун Д. И., Левданский А. Э., Голубев В.Г., Сарсенбекулы Д., Кумисбеков С.А. Анализ работы барабанных промышленных мельниц и пути их усовершенствования	102
Бродский А.Р., Григорьева В.П., Комашко Л.В., Нурмаканов Е.Е., Чанышева И.С., Шаповалов А.А., Шлыгина И.А., Яскевич В.И. Взаимодействие каталитической системы Fe/γ-Al ₂ O ₃ с молекулами-зондами I. Исследование γ-Al ₂ O ₃ и исходной системы Fe/γ-Al ₂ O ₃	109
Бродский А.Р., Григорьева В.П., Комашко Л.В., Нурмаканов Е.Е., Чанышева И.С., Шаповалов А.А., Шлыгина И.А., Яскевич В.И. Взаимодействие каталитической системы Fe/γ-Al ₂ O ₃ с молекулами-зондами II. Исследование носителя γ-Al ₂ O ₃ и системы Fe/γ-Al ₂ O ₃ после взаимодействия с водородом и аммиаком	120
Доспаев М. М., Баешов А., Жумаканова А.С., Доспаев Д.М., Сыздыкова Б.Б., Какенов К.С., Есенбаева Г.А. Механизм образования нанодисперсного порошка силиката меди в растворе метасиликата калия	130
Надилов К.С., Черкаев Г.В., Чихонадских Е.А., Маккаевеева Н.А., Садырбаева А.С., Орымбетова Г.Э. Анализ влияния выбросов вредных веществ с отработавшими газами судовых двухтопливных двс на окружающую среду и здоровье населения.....	138
Хусаин Б.Х., Винникова К.К., Сасс А.С., Рахметова К.С., Кензин Н.Р. Аэродинамическое моделирование прохождения выбросов в процессе нейтрализации.....	150
Утегенова Л.А., Нурлыбекова А.К., Хажиакбер Ауса, Жеңіс Ж. Исследование жирорастворимого состава рябчика Бледноцветного.....	156

CONTENTS

<i>Tungatarova S.A., Xanthopoulou G., Kaumenova G.N., Zhumabek M., Baizhumanova T.S., Grigorieva V.P., Komashko L.V., Begimova G.U.</i> Development of composite materials by combustion synthesis method for catalytic reforming of methane to synthesis gas.....	6
<i>Dueck Johann, Tatayeva R., Baymanova A., Bakeshova Zh., Kapsalyamov B.</i> Biological treatment of waste water: theoretical background and experimental research.....	16
<i>Orymbetova G.E., Conficoni D., Kassymova M.K., Kobzhasarova Z.I., Orymbetov E.M., Shambulova G.D.</i> Risk assessment of lead in milk and dairy products	23
<i>Talgatov. E.T., Auyezkhanova A.S., Tumabayev N.Z., Akhmetova S.N., Seitkaliyeva K.S., Begmat Y.A., Zharmagambetova A.K.</i> Polymer-palladium catalysts on magnetic support for hydrogenation of phenylacetylene.....	29
<i>Ermagambet B.T., Remnev G.E., Martemyanov S.M., Bukharkin A.A., Kasenova Zh.M., Nurgaliyev N.U.</i> Dielectric properties of the coals of Maykuben and Ekibastuz basins.....	38
<i>Beisenbayev A.R., Zhabayeva A.N., Suntsova L.P., Dushkin A.V., Adekenov S.M.</i> Synthesis and study of pinostrobin oxime supramolecular complexes.....	46
<i>Jadhav A. S., Mohanraj G. T., Mayadevi S., Gokarn A. N.</i> Rapid method for determination of nano surface area of arecanut shell derived activated carbon by iodine adsorption number.....	53
<i>Nurkenov O.A., Fazylov S.D., Issayeva A.Zh., Seilkhanov T.M., Zhivotova T.S., Shulgau Z.T., Kozhina Zh.M.</i> Complexes of inclusion of functionally-substituted hydrasons of isonicotic acid with cyclodextrines and their antiradical activity.....	57
<i>Yermagambet B.T., Nurgaliyev N.U., Abylgazina L.D., Maslov N.A., Kasenova Zh.M., Kasenov B.K.</i> Methods for extraction of valuable components from ash-and-slag coal wastes.....	67
<i>Shomanova Zh.K., Safarov R.Z., Zhumakanova A.S., Nosenko Yu.G., Zhanibekova A.T., Shapekova N.L., Lorant D.</i> Electron microscopy surface study of catalysts based on ferroalloy production waste.....	79
<i>Bayeshov A., Gaipov T.E., Bayeshova A.K., Kolesnikov A.V.</i> Synthesis of nano- and ultradisperse copper powders by cementation of copper (II) ions by three-valent titanium ions.....	87
<i>Bayeshov A.B., Myrzabekov B.E., Kolesnikov A.V.</i> Patterns of formation of dispersed copper powders in the body of electrolyte during the use of copper anode in sulfuric acid solution along with titanium (IV) ions.....	96
<i>Chyrkun D.I., Leudanski A.E., Golubev V.G., Sarsenbekuly D., Kumisbekov S.A.</i> Analysis of industrial drum mills' operation and ways of their improvement.....	102
<i>Brodskiy A.R., Grigor'eva V.P., Komashko L.V., Nurmakanov Y.Y., Chanysheva I.S., Shapovalov A.A., Shlygina I.A., Yaskevich V.I.</i> Interaction of the Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ catalytic system with probe molecules I. Research of the γ -Al ₂ O ₃ and the Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ initial system	109
<i>Brodskiy A.R., Grigor'eva V.P., Komashko L.V., Nurmakanov Y.Y., Chanysheva I.S., Shapovalov A.A., Shlygina I.A., Yaskevich V.I.</i> Interaction of the catalytic Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ system with probe molecules II. Study OF γ -Al ₂ O ₃ support and Fe/ γ -Al ₂ O ₃ system after interaction with hydrogen and ammonia.....	120
<i>Dospaev M.M., Bayeshov A., Zhumakanova A.S., Dospaev D.M., Syzdykova B.B., Kakenov K.S., Esenbaeva G.A.</i> Mechanism of forming nanodisperse copper silicate powder during anodic polzrization of copper electrode in potassium silicate solution.	130
<i>Nadirov K.S., Cherkaev G.V., Chikhonadskikh E.A., Makkaveeva N.A., Sadyrbaeva A.S., Orymbetova G.E.</i> Analysis of influence of emissions of harmful substances with exhaust gases of marine dual fuel internal combustion engine on the environment and human health.....	138
<i>Khusain B.Kh., Vinnikova K.K., Sass A.S., Rakhmetova K.S., Kenzin N.R.</i> Aerodynamic modeling of emissions passage in the neutralization process.....	150
<i>Utegenova L.A., Nurlybekova A.K., Hajiakber Aisa, Jenis J.</i> Liposoluble constituents of <i>Fritillaria pallidiflora</i>	156

Publication Ethics and Publication Malpractice in the journals of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan

For information on Ethics in publishing and Ethical guidelines for journal publication see <http://www.elsevier.com/publishingethics> and <http://www.elsevier.com/journal-authors/ethics>.

Submission of an article to the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan implies that the described work has not been published previously (except in the form of an abstract or as part of a published lecture or academic thesis or as an electronic preprint, see <http://www.elsevier.com/postingpolicy>), that it is not under consideration for publication elsewhere, that its publication is approved by all authors and tacitly or explicitly by the responsible authorities where the work was carried out, and that, if accepted, it will not be published elsewhere in the same form, in English or in any other language, including electronically without the written consent of the copyright-holder. In particular, translations into English of papers already published in another language are not accepted.

No other forms of scientific misconduct are allowed, such as plagiarism, falsification, fraudulent data, incorrect interpretation of other works, incorrect citations, etc. The National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan follows the Code of Conduct of the Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE), and follows the COPE Flowcharts for Resolving Cases of Suspected Misconduct (http://publicationethics.org/files/u2/New_Code.pdf). To verify originality, your article may be checked by the Cross Check originality detection service <http://www.elsevier.com/editors/plagdetect>.

The authors are obliged to participate in peer review process and be ready to provide corrections, clarifications, retractions and apologies when needed. All authors of a paper should have significantly contributed to the research.

The reviewers should provide objective judgments and should point out relevant published works which are not yet cited. Reviewed articles should be treated confidentially. The reviewers will be chosen in such a way that there is no conflict of interests with respect to the research, the authors and/or the research funders.

The editors have complete responsibility and authority to reject or accept a paper, and they will only accept a paper when reasonably certain. They will preserve anonymity of reviewers and promote publication of corrections, clarifications, retractions and apologies when needed. The acceptance of a paper automatically implies the copyright transfer to the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

The Editorial Board of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan will monitor and safeguard publishing ethics.

Правила оформления статьи для публикации
в журнале смотреть на сайте:

www.nauka-nanrk.kz

<http://www.chemistry-technology.kz/index.php/ru/>

ISSN 2518-1491 (Online), ISSN 2224-5286 (Print)

Редакторы: *М. С. Ахметова, Т. А. Апендиев, Аленов Д.С.*
Верстка на компьютере *А.М. Кульгинбаевой*

Подписано в печать 05.12.2018.
Формат 60x88¹/₈. Бумага офсетная. Печать – ризограф.
9,8 п.л. Тираж 300. Заказ 6.

Национальная академия наук РК
050010, Алматы, ул. Шевченко, 28, т. 272-13-18, 272-13-19